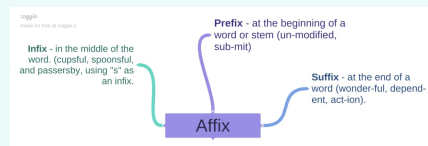


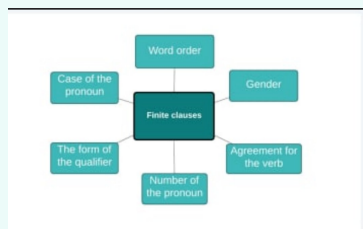
Affix



Finite clauses

A **finite clause** includes a primary verb — a verb that can be inflected for tense, person and sometimes number — and includes a subject.

Finite clauses

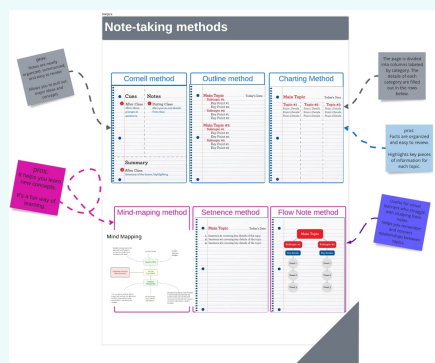


Synchronic vs Diachronic linguistics

Synchronic linguistics is the study of language at a particular point in time.

Diachronic linguistics is the study of the history or evolution of language.

Note-taking methods



Corporous linguistics

Corpus linguistics - a methodology that involves computer-based empirical analyses (both quantitative and qualitative) of language use by employing large, electronically available collections of naturally occurring spoken and written texts, so-called corpora.

Bottom-up vs Top-down processes

Bottom-up processing is *data-driven*, and your perception of what it is that you're looking at directs your cognitive awareness of the object.

Top-down processing basically uses your *background knowledge*, so uses your background knowledge to influence perception.

Nominative & Accusative pronouns

Nominative case is the case used for a noun or pronoun which is the subject of a verb.

Accusative case is the case used for a noun or pronoun which is the object of a sentence.

Nominative & Accusative pronouns

Case Forms of Personal Pronouns		
	Singular	Plural
Nominative Case		
First Person	I	we
Second Person	you	you
Third Person	he, she, it	they
Objective Case		
First Person	me	us
Second Person	you	you
Third Person	him, her, it	them
Possessive Case		
First Person	my, mine	our, ours
Second Person	your, yours	your, yours
Third Person	his, her, hers, its	their, theirs